

A review of automated text classification in event-based biosurveillance

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Objective

The objective of this literature review is to identify current challenges in document classification for event-based biosurveillance and consider the necessary efforts.

Introduction

Event-based biosurveillance monitors diverse information sources for the detection of events pertaining to human, plant and animal health using online documents, such as news articles, newsletters and blogs (1). Machine learning techniques have been successfully used for automated document classification, an important step in filtering source information (2–15).

Methods

We review studies on document classification using machine learning for event-based biosurveillance and comparatively summarize them for close examination.

Results

Table 1 lists relevant studies we identified. These studies differ in target regions, languages, event types and surveillance criteria, as well as classification methods. This diversity illustrates the complementarity of all the approaches.

Conclusions

Common challenges shared by these methods include detection of rare events and practical evaluation of the employed methods. The comparative advantages of each method remain unclear because of the lack of benchmark data. A community effort is necessary to develop an event ontology and benchmark corpora.

Table 1. Selected studies

Program	Reference	Primary source	Methods
Argus I	Lehner et al. (10)	News	NB
Argus II	Torii et al. (12)	News	NB, SVM
Biocaster	Conway et al. (4)	News	DT, NB, SVM
	Doan et al. (6)	News	NB, SVM
EpiSpider	Tolentino et al. (11)	ProMed	NB
GPHIN	Blench (3)	News	'proprietary'
Healthmap	Freifeld et al. (8)	News	NB
InSTEDD	http://instedd.org/evolve	News	NB, SVM
-	Aramaki et al. (2)	Twitter	SVM
-	Culotta (5)	Twitter	LR
-	von Etter et al. (7)	News	NB, SVM
-	Lamosos et al. (9)	Twitter	Bolasso
-	Signorini et al. (15)	Twitter	SVM
-	Zhang et al. (14)	News	kNN, NB, SVM
-	Zhang and Liu (13)	ProMed	NB, SVM

Abbreviations: NB, naive Bayes.

Keywords

biosurveillance; text classification; machine learning

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